

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/770,613	02/02/2004	Roger M. Snow	PA0967.ap.US	2305
7590 09/28/2007 Mark A. Litman & Associates, P.A.			EXAMINER	
York Business Center Suite 205 3209 West 76th Street Edina, MN 55435			NGUYEN, BINH AN DUC	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3714	
	•			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/28/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/770,613	SNOW, ROGER M.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
•	Binh-An D. Nguyen	3714			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Périod for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status					
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 February 2004</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 					
Disposition of Claims					
 4) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 24 May 2004 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	☑ accepted or b)☐ objected to be drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). sected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		1			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)					
1) ☑ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) ☑ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5/24/04. 3. Patent and Trademark Office					

Art Unit: 3714

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

The recited word "then" (page 2, line 10; and page 8, line 9) should be changed to "than." Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boylan et al. (5,863,041) in view of Suttle et al. (4,948,134).

Referring to claim 1, Boylan et al. teaches a method of playing a Pai Gow poker wagering card game comprising: (a) Players wagering on a Pai Gow game (1:59-65); (b) Players placing either an optional or mandatory wager (e.g., bonus bet) against a pay table on a separate poker-type game that uses a best five-card hand from each player's hand (1:65-2:22); (c) dealing seven-card hands from a set of cards to multiple player positions and one dealer position (1:66-2:3); (d) resolving the game of Pai Gow poker (2:3-13); (e) forming best five-card poker hands for at least each player having placed the wager against the pay table (2:14-19); (f) resolving wagers with players who have placed the optional wager when that player's best five-card poker hand equals or exceeds a predetermined rank (2:14-22). Boylan et al. does not explicitly teach the step

Art Unit: 3714

of (g) providing an additional award to players who have placed the optional wager i) when that player's best five-card poker hand equals or exceeds a predetermined rank and ii) when a best five-card hand for the dealer is equal to or less than a predetermined rank. Suttle et al., however, teaches a method of playing poker which provides an additional award to players who have placed the optional wager (e.g., placing bet after an "ante") when that player's best five-card poker hand equals or exceeds a predetermined rank (2:21-42; 4:22-52) and when a best five-card hand for the dealer is equal to or less than a predetermined rank (e.g., when the dealer's hand is less than Ace-King)(2:32-35; 4:4-12). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the poker rule of Suttle et al. to Boylan et al.'s Pai Gow poker game to provide game player more winning chances thus attract more players to the game and increase casino profit.

Referring to claim 12, Boylan et al. teaches a method of playing a Pai Gow poker wagering card game comprising: (a) Players wagering on a Pai Gow game (1:59-65); (b) Players placing an optional wager (e.g., bonus bet) on a separate poker-type game that uses best five-card hands from player cards (1:65-2:22); (c) dealing seven-card hands to six player positions and one dealer position (1:66-2:3); (d) resolving the game of Pai Gow poker (2:3-13); (e) comparing each best five-card poker hand made from player cards against a pay table for predetermined hand ranks (2:14-19); (f) paying players who have both placed the additional wager and provided hands of at least the predetermined rank according to the pay table and rules of the separate poker-type game played with best five-card hands of the players (2:14-22). Boylan et al. does not

Art Unit: 3714

explicitly teach the step of (g) if a best 5-Card hand for the dealer from the dealer's Pai Gow cards is equal to or less than a predetermined rank, increasing the amount of payment to players from (f). Suttle et al., however, teaches a method of playing poker which provides an award to players who have placed the optional wager (e.g., placing bet after an "ante") when a best 5-Card hand for the dealer from the dealer's Pai Gow cards is equal to or less than a predetermined rank (e.g., when the dealer's hand is less than Ace-King)(2:32-35; 4:4-12). Note that, the limitation of increasing the amount of payment to players as claimed is equivalent to providing additional award as taught by Suttle et al. since they both enhance the award of the players who placed bonus bet. Thus, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the poker rule of Suttle et al. to Boylan et al.'s Pai Gow poker game to provide game player more winning chances thus attract more players to the game and increase casino profit.

Referring to claims 2, 3, and 13, Boylan et al. teaches the set of cards comprises a standard fifty-two card deck with at least one joker or the set of cards consists of fifty-three cards, a fifty-two card playing card deck and one joker (3:11-15). Regarding the limitation of there are six player positions to which hands are dealt (claim 2), since up to seven people can play a Pai Gow poker game (with a single deck of 52 card and a joker), a six player positions game to which hands are dealt is considered as a game design choice.

Art Unit: 3714

Referring to claims 4 and 14, Boylan et al. teaches the wager against a pay table does not enter the player into an envy hand wagering event (e.g., when the bonus bet is below a predetermined minimum)(4:44-52).

Referring to claims 5 and 15, Boylan et al. teaches the wager against a pay table enters the player into an envy hand wager event (e.g., when the bonus bet is above a predetermined minimum)(4:44-52).

Referring to claims 6, 11, and 16, Boylan et al. teaches a first level of the wager against a pay table (e.g., bonus bet) enters the player into the wagering event against the pay table and a second <u>and</u> higher level of wager against the pay table (e.g., when the bonus bet is above a predetermined minimum)(4:44-52) enters the player into the wagering event against the pay table and an envy hand poker gaming event (3:17-31; 4:53-5:1).

Referring to claims 7, 8, 17, and 18, Boylan et al. teaches the wager against the pay table is optional (3:3:33-36).

Referring to claims 9 and 19, Boylan et al. teaches a pay table for the best fivecard hand for a player requires a rank of at least three-of-a-kind for payment (4:25-52).

Referring to claims 10 and 20, Boylan et al. teaches a pay table for the best 5-Card hand for a player requires a rank of at least a straight for payment (4:25-52).

Referring to claims 21 and 22, wherein no fee is charged by the dealer for a favorable resolution of the Pai Gow wager when the wager against the pay table is made and a qualifying wager for an envy hand poker game is made, this is a design choice since it depends on the rules of the house regarding charging a fee to players.

Art Unit: 3714

Referring to claims 23-30, wherein the additional award is a multiple of at least 1 times the wager against the pay table (claims 23 and 27); wherein the multiple is fixed (claims 24 and 28); wherein the multiple is variable, depending upon a composition of the dealer's best five card hand (claims 25 and 29); and wherein the sym of an award from step (f) and step (g) is equal to a multiple of the wager from step (b) (claims 26 and 30), these limitations are design choice since setting up different payment odds to the game does not bring unexpected results to the game output.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Binh-An D. Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-4440. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Pezzuto can be reached on 571-272-6996. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

AOBERT E. PEZZUTO SUPERVISORY PRIMARY EXAMINER

Page 6